AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Claims 1-53 (cancelled)

- 54. (Previously presented) A solar cell comprising:
 - a germanium substrate; and
 - a layer of material including In and P disposed directly on the germanium substrate.
- 55. (Previously presented) A solar cell as defined in claim 54, wherein the layer of material is InGaP.
- 66. (Previously presented) A solar cell as defined in claim 54, further comprising a top solar subcell formed from InGaP, a middle solar subcell formed from GaAs, and a lower solar subcell formed in the germanium substrate.
- 57. (Previously presented) A solar cell as defined in claim 54, further comprising a diffused photoactive germanium junction in the substrate.
- 58. (Previously presented) A solar cell as defined in claim 57, wherein the diffused junction is formed by the diffusion of arsenic into the germanium substrate.
- 59. (Previously presented) A solar cell as defined in claim 54, wherein the layer of material has a lattice parameter substantially equal to the lattice parameter of the germanium substrate.

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- 60. (Previously presented) A solar cell as defined in claim 54, wherein the layer has a thickness equal to 350 Angstroms or less.
- 61. (Previously presented) A solar cell defined in claim 54, wherein the cell is capable of photoactively converting radiation ranging from approximately ultraviolet (UV) radiation to radiation having a wavelength of approximately 1800 nm.
- 62. (Currently amended) A solar cell defined in claim 58, wherein the junction in the germanium substrate layer is located between 0.3 μm [[.mu.m]] and 0.7 μm [[.mu.m]] from the top surface of the germanium substrate.
- 63. (Previously presented) A solar cell as defined in claim 57, wherein the diffused germanium substrate forms a first cell layer and has a dopant diffusion profile that optimizes the current and voltage generated therefrom.
- 64. (Previously presented) A solar cell as defined in claim 54, wherein the cell has 1 sun AM0 efficiencies in excess of 26%.
- 65. (Previously presented) A solar cell comprising:
 - a germanium substrate;
- a solar subcell layer overlying said substrate and composed at least in part of GaAs; and
- a barrier layer overlying said substrate and underneath said GaAs-containing layer and functioning to inhibit the diffusion of arsenic from the GaAs-containing layer into the germanium substrate.

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- 66. (Previously presented) A solar cell as defined in claim 65, further comprising a solar subcell formed in the germanium substrate.
- 67. (Previously presented) A solar cell as defined in claim 66, wherein the subcell formed in the germanium substrate is formed from a n-type germanium overlying a p-type germanium substrate.
- 68. (Previously presented) A solar cell as defined in claim 67, wherein the n-type germanium layer is formed by diffusion of arsenic into the germanium substrate.
- 69. (Previously presented) A solar cell a defined in claim 67, wherein the n-type germanium layer is formed by diffusion of phosphorous into the germanium substrate.
- 70. (Previously presented) A solar cell as defined in claim 67, wherein the n-type germanium layer is formed by diffusion of both arsenic and phosphorous into the germanium substrate.
- 71. (Previously presented) A solar cell as defined in claim 65, wherein the barrier layer is composed of InGaP; InP, or GaP.
- 72. (Previously presented) A solar cell as defined in claim 65, wherein the barrier layer has a thickness of approximately 350 Angstroms or less.
- 73. (Previously presented) A solar cell as defined in claim 65, further comprising a two step diffusion profile in the germanium substrate with two different dopants.
- 74. (Previously presented) A solar cell comprising:

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a first cell including a germanium (Ge) substrate having a diffusion region doped with n-type dopants including phosphorus and arsenic, wherein the upper portion of such diffusion region has a higher concentration of phosphorus (P) atoms than arsenic (As) atoms, and

a second cell including a layer of either gallium arsenide (GaAs) or indium gallium arsenide (InGaAs) disposed over the substrate.

- 75. (Previously presented) A solar cell as recited in claim 74, further comprising a nucleation layer deposited over said substrate that has a lattice parameter substantially equal to the lattice parameter of the germanium substrate.
- 76. (Previously presented) A solar cell as recited in claim 75, wherein the nucleation layer is a compound of InGaP.
- 77. (Currently amended) A solar cell as recited in claim 75, wherein the nucleation layer has a thickness equal to 350 angstroms [[A]] or less.
- 78. (Previously presented) A solar cell defined in claim 74, wherein the solar cell is capable of photoactively converting radiation from approximately ultraviolet (UV) radiation to radiation having a wavelength of approximately 1800 nm.
- 79. (Currently amended) A solar cell defined in claim 74, wherein the junction in the germanium substrate is located between 0.3 µm [[.mu.m]] and 0.7 µm [[.mu.m]] from the top surface of the germanium substrate.

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- (Previously presented) A solar cell as defined in claim 74, wherein the diffused 80. phosphorus and arsenic in the germanium substrate has a diffusion profile that optimizes the current and voltage generated in the first cell.
- (Previously presented) A solar cell as defined in claim 75, wherein the solar cell has 81. 1 sun AM0 efficiencies in excess of 26%.
- (Previously presented) A solar cell as defined in claim 74, further comprising a 82. third cell disposed over the second cell layer.
- 83. (Previously presented) A solar cell comprising:

an upper subcell structure including arsenic (As), and a lower subcell formed from a ptype material including first and second diffusion sublayers, wherein the photoactive junction is formed by arsenic (As) and phosphorus (P) converting a upper diffusion layer to n-type, and at least a portion of the second diffusion sublayer is disposed deeper into the p-type material than the first diffusion sublayer.

- A solar cell as recited in claim 83, wherein the first 84. (Previously presented) diffusion sublayer has a higher concentration of phosphorus (P) atoms than arsenic (As) atoms, and the second diffusion sublayer has a higher concentration of arsenic (As) than phosphorus (P) atoms.
- A solar cell as recited in claim 83, further comprising a 85. (Previously presented) nucleation layer deposited over said lower subcell that has a lattice parameter substantially equal to the lattice parameter of the top layer of the subcell.

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- 86. (Previously presented) A solar cell as recited in claim 85, wherein the nucleation layer includes InGaP.
- 87. (Currently amended) A solar cell as recited in claim 85, wherein the nucleation layer has a thickness equal to 350 angstroms [[Å]] or less.
- 88. (Currently amended) A solar cell defined in claim 85, wherein the junction in the lower subcell is located between 0.3 µm [[.mu.m]] and 0.7 µm [[.mu.m]] from the top surface of the lower subcell.
- 89. (Previously presented) A solar cell as defined in claim 85, wherein the depth of the first and second diffusion sublayers is selected to create a dopant diffusion profile that optimizes the current and voltage generated in the lower subcell.
- 90. (Previously presented) A solar cell defined in claim 85, further comprising a third solar subcell disposed over the upper subcell.

Claims 91-97 (Cancelled)

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